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INSTRUCTIONS: You must show enough work to justify your answer on ALL problems. Correct answers with no work (or inconsistent work) shown will not receive full credit. All answers are to be exact; no decimal approximations. You are NOT allowed to use any electronic device for this exam. Simplify all radicals.

1. Simplify the following. Write your answer in $a+b i$ form. Put a box around your answer.
a. $\frac{14-\sqrt{-98}}{21} \quad(5$ pts.)
b. $(4-9 i)^{2}(5 \mathrm{pts}$.
c. $\frac{2-7 i}{3-5 i} \quad(8 \mathrm{pts}$.
2. Solve the following equations by the indicated method. Put a box around your answer(s).
a. $\quad 6 y^{2}+24=0$ using square roots ( 6 pts.)
b. $\quad 3(5 x-8)^{2}+4=52$ using square roots ( 6 pts.)
c. $3 w^{2}-4 w=8$ using the Quadratic Formula (10 pts.)
3. Solve the following equations. Put a box around your answer(s).
a. $\quad 2 t^{5}=54 t^{2}(12 \mathrm{pts}$.
b. $\quad 6|7 x+3|-35=-11$ ( 6 pts.)
c. $\quad 27 y^{3}-18 y^{2}-48 y+32=0 \quad(8$ pts. $)$
d. $\quad \frac{5 x}{2 x-3}-\frac{8}{x+4}=\frac{2 x^{2}-14 x}{2 x^{2}+5 x-12} \quad(10 \mathrm{pts}$.
e. $\sqrt{2 y+57}+3=y \quad(10 \mathrm{pts}$.
4. Solve the following inequalities. Write the solution set in interval notation.
a. $\quad-2<\frac{5-9 x}{11} \leq 6$ (7 pts.)

Answer $\qquad$
b. $\quad 4|3 y-8|+17<97$ (7 pts.)
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