Solutions for In-Class Problems 15 for Monday, March 26

These problems are from <u>Pre-Class Problems 15</u>.

- 1. If \$100,000.00 is invested at a rate of 6% per year, then determine the amount in the investment at the end of 4 years for the following compounding options.
 - a. compounded quarterly b. compounded monthly
 - c. compounded daily d. compounded continuously
- 2. Sketch the graph of the following functions. State the domain of the function and use the sketch to state the range of the function.

a.
$$f(x) = \log_{1/4} (x + 3) + 8$$

b. $g(t) = 2\ln(-t) - 4$
c. $y = -\frac{2}{3}\log(x - 2) + 5$

- 3. Find the domain of the following functions.
 - a. $f(x) = \log_5(x^2 5x + 6)$ b. $y = \log_{3/4}(7x + 3)^2$

SOLUTIONS:

1a. compounded quarterly

Back to Problem 1.

= 4

$$A = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt}$$

$$P = \$100,000.00, \ r = 6\% = 0.06, \ n = 4, \text{ and } t = 0.000 \left(1 + \frac{0.06}{4} \right)^{4(4)} = 100000(1 + 0.015)^{16} = 0.0000(1 + 0.015)^{16} = 0.0000(1 + 0.015)^{16} = 0.0000(1 + 0.015)^{16} = 0.0000(1 + 0.015)^{16} = 0.0000(1 + 0.015)^{16} = 0.0000(1 + 0.015)^{16} = 0.0000(1 + 0.015)^{16} = 0.0000(1 + 0.015)^{16} = 0.0000(1 + 0.015)^{16} = 0.0000(1 + 0.015)^{16} = 0.0000(1 + 0.015)^{16} = 0.0000(1 + 0.015)^{16} = 0.000(1 + 0.015)^{16} = 0.0000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.000(1 + 0.000(1 + 0.0000(1 + 0.000($$

 $100000 (1.015)^{16} = 126898.55$

Answer: \$126,898.55

1b. compounded monthly

Back to Problem 1.

$$A = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt}$$

$$P = \$100,000.00, \ r = 6\% = 0.06, \ n = 12, \text{ and } t = 4$$

$$A = 100000 \left(1 + \frac{0.06}{12} \right)^{12(4)} = 100000(1 + 0.005)^{48} =$$

 $100000 (1.005)^{48} = 127048.92$

Answer: \$127,048.92

1c. compounded daily

Back to Problem 1.

$$A = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt}$$

$$P = \$100,000.00, \ r = 6\% = 0.06, \ n = 365, \text{ and } t = 4$$

$$A = 100000 \left(1 + \frac{0.06}{365} \right)^{365(4)} = 100000 \left(1 + \frac{0.06}{365} \right)^{1460} = 127122.41$$

Answer: \$127,122.41

Back to Problem 1.

 $A = Pe^{rt}$ P = \$100,000.00, r = 6% = 0.06, and t = 4 $A = 100000e^{0.06(4)} = 100000e^{0.24} = 127124.92$

Answer: \$127,124.92

- 2a. I owe you the solution.
- 2b. I owe you the solution.

2c. I owe you the solution.

3a. I owe you the solution.

3b. I owe you the solution.

Back to Problem 2.

Back to Problem 3.