

**Math 2890 Homework 7 Due date: Oct. 26**

- (1) Compute the determinant of the following matrices.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ -1 & 5 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 0 & 4 \\ -1 & 5 & -3 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 5 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (2) Find the characteristic polynomial, eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the following matrices.  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ .

- (3) (a) Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

Show that  $\det(A - \lambda I) = (1 - \lambda)(2 - \lambda)(3 - \lambda)$ .

(b) Use the information above to find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of  $A$ .

(c) Diagonalize the matrix  $A$  if possible, i.e find a invertible matrix  $P$  and a diagonal matrix where  $A = PDP^{-1}$ .

- (4) (a) Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -4 & -6 \\ -1 & 0 & -3 \\ 1 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ .

Show that  $\det(A - \lambda I) = (1 - \lambda)(2 - \lambda)^2$ .

(b) Use the information above to find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of  $A$ .

(c) Diagonalize the matrix  $A$  if possible, i.e find a invertible matrix  $P$  and a diagonal matrix where  $A = PDP^{-1}$ .

(d) Find an expression for  $A^{10}$ .